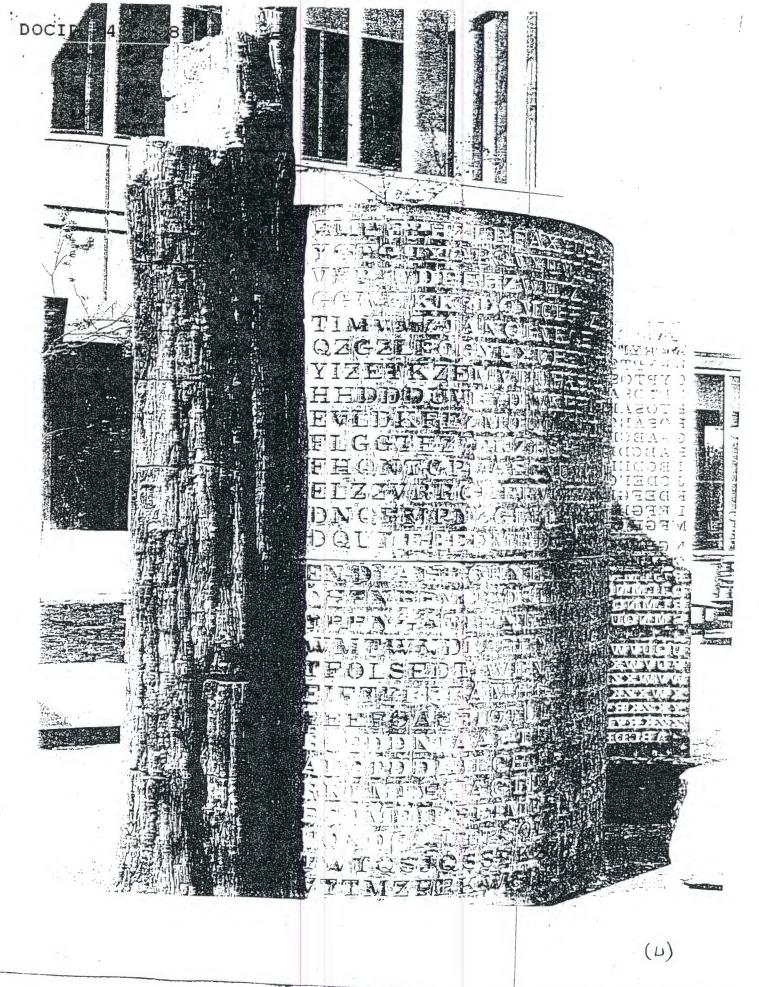
DOCID: 4050988 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 9 June 1993 DATE: ES FORWARD TO ADMIRAL REPLY TO ATTN OF: STUDEMAN FOR INFO CIA KRYPTOS Sculpture - Challenge and Resolution SUBJECT: INFORMATION MEMORANDUM DIR M THRU: EXEC/DIR 1. (FOUO) The KRYPTOS sculpture, located at the entrance and in the courtyard of the new CIA headquarters, consists of a series of stone "pages" containing code which begins as International Morse and increases in complexity as the stonework extends into the courtyard. Inserted between these stone "pages" is a flat copper sheet engraved with letters and symbols - the enciphered message - that is the focus of this challenge. (Formally In November, a cadre of cryptanalysts assigned to Z Group enthusiastically responded to the challenge. Within one month, three of the four cipher systems used to encrypt the sculpture's plain text had been diagnosed and completely exploited. The cryptographies employed for the encryption of these three parts involved two periodic polyalphabetic substitution ciphers and a keyed columnar transposition cipher. The exploitation of the sculpture's first three parts constitutes a readability of approximately 89%. The final 97 characters continue to elude solution. (FOUO) Attached, for your review, is a brief description of the employed cryptographies and the plain text derived from the three exploited portions of the KRYPTOS sculpture. If your schedule permits, we would be happy to present a 15-minute briefing on the KRYPTOS sculpture solution and introduce you to the cryptanalysts responsible for the success against this (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 3 Encls: 1. Copy of Sculpture Picture 2. Copy of Cipher 3. Description of Cryptographies cc: Z4 Z43 Derived fm: NSA Class. Guide 342-97 29 May 1997 Dulanity on: X1, X5

: 1 mme Fx see 11 /1005)

*46695 *

Approved for Release by NSA on 05-21-2013, FOIA Case # 61191



THE KRYPTOS SCULPTURE CIPHER

E M U F P H Z L R F A X Y U S D J K Z L D K R N S H G N F I V J YQTQUXQBQVYUVLLTREVJYQTMKYRDMFD V F P J U D E E H Z W E T Z Y V G W H K K Q E T G F Q J N C E G G W H K K 2 D Q M C P F Q Z D Q M M I A G P F X H Q R L G TIMVMZJANQLVKQEDAGDVFRPJUNGEUNA QZGZLECGYUXUEENJTBJLBQCRTBJDFHJRR YIZETKZEMVDUFKSJHKFWHKUWOLSZFTI H H D D D U V H 2 D W K B F U F P W N T D F I Y C U Q Z E R E EVLDKFEZMOQQJLTTUGSYQPFEUNLAVIDX F L G G T E Z 2 F K Z B S F D Q V G O G I P U F X H H D R K F F H Q N T G P U A E C N U V P D J M Q C L Q U M U N E D F Q ELZZVRRGKFFVOEEXBDMVPNFQXEZLGRE D N Q F M P N Z G L F L P M R J Q Y A L M G N U V P D X V K P D Q U M E B E D M H D A F M J G Z N U P L G E W J L L A E T G ENDYAHROHNLSRHEOCPTEOIBIDYSHNAIA C H T N R E Y U L D S L L S L L N O H S N O S M R W X M N E T P R N G A T I H N R A R P E S L N N E L E B L P I I A C A E W M T W N D I T E E N R A H C T E N E U D R E T N H A E O E T F O L S E D T I W E N H A E I O Y T E Y Q H E È N C T A Y C R EIFTBRSPAMHHEWENATAMATEGYEERLB TEEFOASFIOTUETUAEOTOARMAEERTNRTI BSEDDNIAAHTTMSTEWPIEROAGŔIEWFEB A E C T D D H I L C E I H S I T E G O E A O S D D R Y D L O R I T RKLMLEHAGTDHARDPNEOHMGFMFEUHE E C D M R I P F E I M E H N L S S T T R T V D O H W ? O B K R UOXOGHULBSOLIFBBWFLRVQQPRNGKSSO TWTQSJQSSEKZZWATJKLUDIAWİNFBNYP V T T M Z F P K W G D K Z X T J C D I G K U H U A U E K C A R

SECRET SPOKE

PART 1

(54)

Cryptography: Periodic Polyalphabetic Substitution employing

10 alphabets

Plain component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS Cipher component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS

Repeating Key:

PALIMPSEST

Index letter:

K

P: K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y C2: A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y C3: L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S C3: L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L C6: M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L C6: P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L C6: E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D C9: S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O C10: T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O C10: T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O C10: T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O C10: T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O C10: T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O

EMUFPHZLRF AXYUSDJKZL DKRNSHGNFI VJYQTQUXQB BETWEENSUB TLESHADING ANDTHABSCE NCEOFLIGHT

QVYUVLLTRE VJYQTMKYRD MFD LIESTHENUA NCEOFIQLUS ION

(FOUO) Respaced and punctuated, it reads:

"BETWEEN SUBTLE SHADING AND THE ABSENCE OF LIGHT LIES THE NUANCE OF ILLUSION"

SERBT SPOKE

PART 2

60

Cryptography: Periodic Polyalphabetic Substitution employing

-8 alphabets

Plain component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS Cipher component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS

Repeating Key:

ABSCISSA

Index letter:

K

P: KRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZ

C1: ABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOS

C2: BCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSA

C3: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTÓ

C4: CDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSAB
C5: IJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGH

C6: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO

C7: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO

C8: ABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOS

VFPJUDEE HZWETZYV GWHKKQET GFQJNCEG GWHKK?DQM ITWASTOT ALLYINVI SIBLEHOW STHATPOS SIBLE?THE

CPFQZDQM MIAGPFXH QRLGTIMV MZJANQLV KQEDAGDV YUSEDTHE EARTHSMA GNETICFI ELDXTHEI NFORMATI

FRPJUNGE UNAQZGZL ECGYUXUE ENJTBJLB QCETBJDF ONWASGAT HEREDAND TRANSMIT TEDUNDER GROUNDTO

HRRYIZET KZEMVDUF KSJHKFWH KUWQLSZF TIHHDDDU ANUNKNOW NLOCATIO NXDOESLA NGLEYKNO WABOUTTH

VH?DWKBFU F?WNTDKI YCUQZERE EVLDKFEZ MOQQJLTT IS?THEYSH OULDITSB URIEDOUT THERESOM EWHEREXW

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HHDRKFFH QNTGPUAE CNUVPDJM QCLQUMUN EDFQELZZ ASTMESSA GEXTHIRT YEIGHTDE GREESFIF TYSEVENM

VRRGKFFV OEEXBDMV PNFQXEZL GREDNQFM PNZGLFLP INUTESSI XPOINTFI VESECOND SNORTHSE VENTYSEV

SELRUT SPOKE

SECRET SPOKE

MRJQYALM GNUVPDXV KPDQUMZB EDMHDAFM JGZNUPLG ENDEGREE SEIGHTMI NUTESFOR TYFOURSE CONDSWES

EWJLLAET G TIDBYROW S

(FOUO) Respaced and punctuated, it reads:

"IT WAS TOTALLY INVISIBLE. HOW'S THAT POSSIBLE? THEY USED THE EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD. THE INFORMATION WAS GATHERED AND TRANSMITTED UNDERGROUND TO AN UNKNOWN LOCATION. DOES LANGLEY KNOW ABOUT THIS? THEY SHOULD. ITS BURIED OUT THERE SOMEWHERE. WHO KNOWS THE EXACT LOCATION? ONLY W.W. THIS WAS HIS LAST TRANSMISSION. THIRTY-EIGHT DEGREES, FIFTY-SEVEN MINUTES, SIX POINT FIVE SECONDS NORTH. SEVENTY-SEVEN MINUTES, FORTY-FOUR SECONDS WEST. I.D. BY ROWS."

refer to the location of or a location within the gence Agency. The significance of I.D. BY ROWS remains undetermined.

SECRET SPOKE

DOCID: 4050988

PART 3

-(SC)

Cryptography: Keyed Columnar transposition Matrix size: Incompletely filled 4 X 86

Specific key: KRYPTOS, numerically keyed and repeated 13 times

Circle 10

(first 12 columns listed below)

Route:

Bottom to top

"SLOWLY DESPARATLY SLOWLY THE REMAINS OF PASSAGE DEBRIS THAT ENCUMBERED THE LOWER PART OF THE DOORWAY WAS REMOVED. WITH TREMBLING HANDS I MADE A TINY BREACH IN THE UPPER LEFT HAND CORNER, AND THEN, WIDENING THE HOLE A LITTLE, I INSERTED THE CANDLE AND PEERED IN. THE HOT AIR ESCAPING FROM THE CHAMBER CAUSED THE FLAME TO FLICKER, BUT PRESENTLY, DETAILS OF THE ROOM WITHIN EMERGED FROM THE MIST X CAN YOU SEE ANYTHING Q"

Note: The above is a paraphrase from The Tomb of Tut-Ankh-Amen written by Mr. Howard Carter.

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SUBJECT CIA KRYPTOS S Resolution (Sculpture The Challenge and	ACT	APPROVAL ACTION INFORMATION	KCC SU	SUSPENSE SPENSE IT SUSPENSE			
Z 4	(b) (3) -P. I. 86-36							

- 1. (U) In response to your request we have put together a package chronologically outlining the events in our decryption (89%) of the CIA courtyard KRYPTOS sculpture. Also attached is a copy of the original memorandum to Adm. McConnell with attachments providing the cipher, the cryptography employed, and the respective decrypts.
- 2. (U) The initial examination of the cipher revealed that it was likely to consist of three cryptographically distinct sections. Basic computer diagnostic tools confirmed this hypothesis. Subsequent analysis and solution, however, did not require any compute power.
- 3. (C) Parts 1-3 were solved within two days of receiving the informal tasking from Chief, Z. Another day was spent on the final section and a decision was made to stop any further work. Given the suspected cryptography, the last section is too short to solve without diverting a great deal of effort from operational problems.

(b) (3)-P.L. 86-36

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Chronological history of NSA personnel and their involvement in the partial decryption of the KRYPTOS sculpture located in the CIA courtyard

- 1988 The CIA Fine Arts Commission approves James Sanborn's proposal.
- 1990 The artwork, titled Kryptos, is dedicated. A portion of this work of art consists of a classic Vigenere Square and 870 characters of cipher punched through two large copper sheets.
- 1991 While on a trip to the CIA headquarters, an informal group comprised mainly of Cryptanalysis interns, handwrites the cipher onto sheets of paper, and distributes it to any and all interested cryptanalysts back at NSA.
- 1992 Official challenge for solution is relayed through DCI at a Gold Bug award ceremony.
- 1992 Mr. ______ is the first person to decrypt a portion of the cipher. The cipher system used is a polyalphabetic substitution using eight alphabets. The decrypted text accounts for the last 373 characters from the first section of 436, but the initial 63 characters resist decryption. Because of this, analysts concede that four distinct sections are likely, with this being the second section. (b) (3)-P.L. 86-36
- 1992 Mr. _______ is the second person to successfully decrypt a portion of the cipher. That portion is the third section involving 337 characters and employing a transposition system using a matrix with dimensions 4 X 86.
- 1992 As the third successful cryptanalyst, Mr. successfully decrypts the initial 63 characters of the cipher, which is the first section. It also uses a polyalphabetic substitution, but with 10 alphabets.
- 1992 An informal document is produced detailing the solution of the three sections. These three sections comprise the first
 773 characters out of 870 total, leaving the last 97 characters unresolved.
- 1993 A formal letter is sent to Adm. McConnell (DIRNSA) detailing the story, and is returned with a request that it be forwarded to Adm. Studeman at CIA.
- 1998 There is renewed interest from the CIA, with an eye towards a technical article for an internal publication.

ID: 4050989 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 9 June (1993 FORWARD TO ADMIRAL REPLY TO STUDEMAN FOR INFO SUBJECT: CIA KRYPTOS Sculpture - Challenge and Resolution (FOUO) INFORMATION MEMORANDUM DIR M THRU:

D/DIR TITY , EXEC/DIR

- The KRYPTOS sculpture, located at the entrance and in the courtyard of the new CIA headquarters, consists of a series of stone "pages" containing code which begins as International Morse and increases in complexity as the stonework extends into the courtyard. Inserted between these stone "pages" is a flat copper sheet engraved with letters and symbols - the enciphered message - that is the focus of this challenge.
- (FOUO) In November, a cadre of cryptanalysts assigned to Z Group enthusiastically responded to the challenge. Within one month, three of the four cipher systems used to encrypt the sculpture's plain text had been diagnosed and completely exploited. The cryptographies employed for the encryption of these three parts involved two periodic polyalphabetic substitution ciphers and a heved columnar transposition cipher. The exploitation of the sculpture's first three parts constitutes a readability of approximately 89%. The final 97 characters continue to elude solution.
- (FOUO) Attached, for your review, is a brief description of the employed cryptographies and the plain text derived from the three exploited portions of the KRYPTOS sculpture. If your schedule permits, we would be happy to present a 15-minute briefing on the KRYPTOS sculpture solution and introduce you to the cryptanalysts responsible for the success against this cipher.

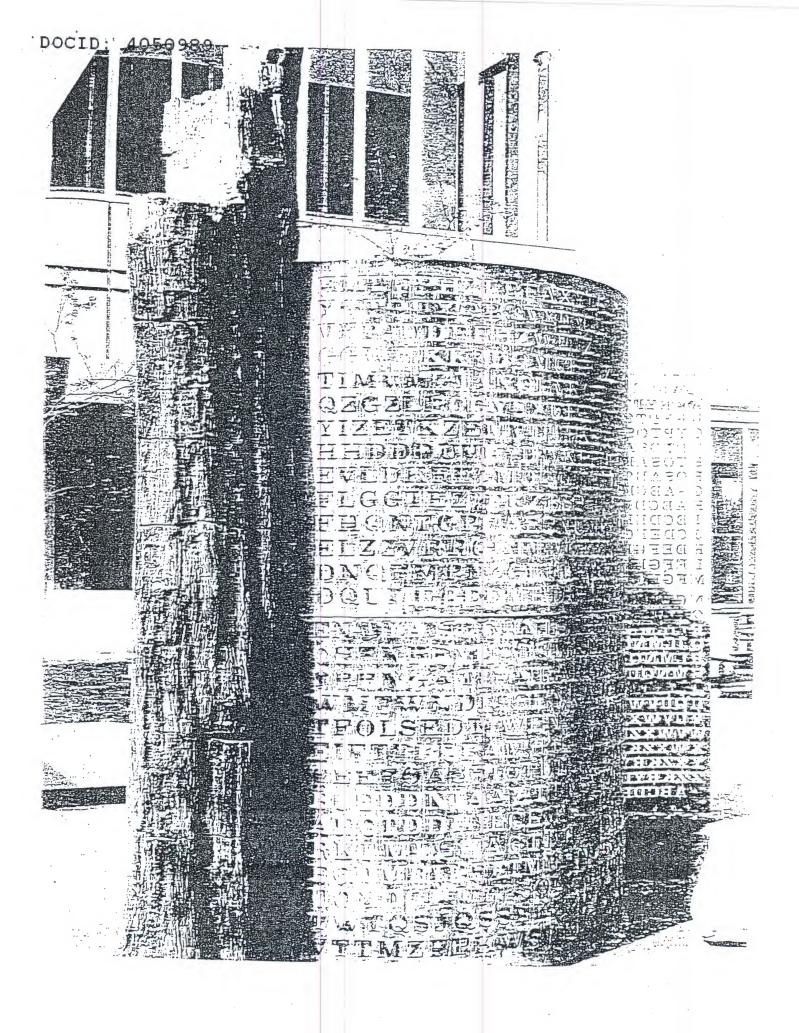
3 Encls:

1. Copy of Sculpture Picture

2. Copy of Cipher

3. Description of Cryptographies

cc: Z4 Z43 (b) (3)-P.L. 86-36



THE KRYPTOS SCULPTURE CIPHER

E M U F P H Z L R F A X Y U S D J K Z L D K R N S H G N F I V J Y O T O U X Q B Q V Y U V L L T R E V J Y Q T M K Y R D M F D V F P J U D E E H Z W E T Z Y V G W E K K Q E T G F Q J N C E G G W H K K 2 D Q M C P F Q Z D Q M M I A G P F X H Q R L G TIMVMZJANQLVKQEDAGOVFRPJUNGEUNA O Z G Z L E C G Y U X U E E N J T B J L B Q C R T B J D F H J R R Y I Z E T K Z E M V D U F K S J H K F W H K U W O L S Z F T I H H D D D U V H ? D W K B F U F P W N T D F I Y C U Q Z E R E EVLDKFEZMOQQJLTTUGSYQPFEUNLAVIDX FLGGTEZ2FKZB\$FDQVGOGIPUFXHHDRKF F H O N T G P U A E C N U V P D J M Q C L Q U M U N E D F Q ELZZVRRGKFFVOEEXBDMVPNFOXEZLGRE DNQFMPNZGLFLPMRJQYALMGNUVPDXVKP DQUMEBEDMHDAFMJGZNJPLGEWJLLAETG ENDYAHROHNLSRHEOCPTEOIBIDYSHNAIA CHTNREYULDSLLSLLNOESNOSMRWXMNE T P R N G A T I H N R A R P E S L N N E L E B L P I I A C A E W M T W N D I T E E N R A H C T E N E U D R E T N H A E O E T F O L S E D T I W E N H A E I O Y T E Y Q H E E N C T A Y C R EIFTBRSPAMHHEWENATAMATEGYEERLB TEEFOASFIOTUETUAEOTOARMAEERTNRTI BSEDDNIAAHTTMSTEWPIEROAGRIEWFEB A E C T D D H I L C E I H S I T E G O E A O S D D R Y D L O R I T RKLMLEHAGTDHARDPNEOHMGFMFEUHE E C D M R I P F E I M E H N L S S T T R T V D O H W 2 O B K R U O X O G H U L B S O L I F B B W F L R V Q Q P R N G K S S O TWTQSJQSSEKZZWATJKLUDIAWINFBNYP V T T M Z F P K W G D K Z X T J C D I G K U H U A U E K C A R

PART 1

Cryptography: Periodic Polyalphabetic Substitution employing

10 alphabets

Plain component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS Cipher component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS

Repeating Key: PALIMPSEST

Index letter: K

EMUFPHZLRF AXYUSDJKŽL DKRNSHGNFI VJYQTQUXQB BETWEENSUB TLESHADING ANDTHABSCE NCEOFLIGHT

QVYUVLLTRE VJYQTMKYRD MFD LIESTHENUA NCEOFIQLUS ION

(FOUO) Respaced and punctuated, it reads:

"BETWEEN SUBTLE SHADING AND THE ABSENCE OF LIGHT LIES THE NUANCE OF ILLUSION"

PART 2

Cryptography: Periodic Polyalphabetic Substitution employing

3 alphabets

Plain component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS Cipher component: Keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS

Repeating Key: ABSCISSA

Index letter: K

P: KRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZ
C1: ABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOS
C2: BCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSA
C3: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO
C4: CDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSAB
C5: IJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSAB
C6: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO
C7: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO

C8: ABCDEFGHIULMNOUVWXZKRYPTOS

VFPJUDEE HZWETZYV GWHKKQET GFQJNCEG GWHKK?DQM ITWASTOT ALLYINVI SIBLEHOW STHATPOS SIBLE?THE CPFQZDQM MIAGPFXH QRLGTIMV MZJANQLV KQEDAGDV YUSEDTHE EARTHSMA GNETICFI ELDXTHEI NFORMATI

FRPJUNGE UNAQZGZL ECGYUXUE ENJTBJLB QCETBJDF ONWASGAT HEREDAND TRANSMIT TEDUNDER GROUNDTO

HRRYIZET KZEMVDUF KSJHKFWH KUWQLSZF TIHHDDDU ANUNKNOW NLOCATIO NXDOESLA NGLEYKNO WABOUTTH

VH?DWK3FU FPWNTDKI YCUQZERE EVLDKFEZ MOQQJLTT IS?THEYSH OULDITSB URIEDOUT THERESOM EWHEREXW

UGSYQPFE UNLAVIDX FLGGTEZ?F KZESFDQV GOGIPUFX HOKNOWST HEEXACTL OCATION?O NLYWWTHI SWASHISL

HADRKFFH QNTGPUAE CNUVPDJM QCLQUMUN EDFQELZZ ASTMESSA GEXTHIRT YEIGHTDE GREESFIF TYSEVENM

VRRGKFFV OEEXBDMV PNFQXEZL GREDNQFM PNZGLFLP INUTESSI XPOINTFI VESECOND SNORTHSE VENTYSEV

PART 3

Cryptography: Keyed Columnar transposition Matrix size: Incompletely filled 4 X 86

Specific kev: KRYPTOS, numerically keyed and repeated 13 times

(first 12 columns listed below)

Route: Bottom to top

SLOWLYDESPARATLYSLOWLYTHEREMAINSOFPASSAGEDE ASREMOVEDWITHTREMBLINGHANDSIMADEATINYBREACH OLEALITTLEIINSERTEDTHECANDLEANDPEEREDINTHEH FLICKERBUTPRESENTLYDETAILSOFTHEROOMWITHINEM < 1 9 1 2 1 BRISTHATENCUMBEREDTHELOWERPARTOFTHEDOORWAYW INTHEUPPERLEFTHANDCORNERANDTHENWIDENINGTHEH OTAIRESCAPINGFROMTHECHAMBERCAUSEDTHEFLAMETO ERGEDFROMTHEMISTXCANYOUSEEANYTHINGQ 5 4 3

"SLOWLY DESPARATLY SLOWLY THE REMAINS OF PASSAGE DEBRIS THAT ENCUMBERED THE LOWER PART OF THE DOORWAY WAS REMOVED. WITH TREMBLING HANDS I MADE A TINY BREACH IN THE UPPER LEFT HAND CORNER, AND THEN, WIDENING THE HOLE A LITTLE, I INSERTED THE CANDLE AND PEERED IN. THE HOT AIR ESCAPING FROM THE CHAMBER CAUSED THE FLAME TO FLICKER, BUT PRESENTLY, DETAILS OF THE ROOM WITHIN EMERGED FROM THE MIST X CAN YOU SEE ANYTHING Q".

Note: The above is a paraphrase from The Tomb of Tut-Ankh-Amen written by Mr. Howard Carter.

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CSSGp Meeting/Activity Notes

(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36

prepared 18 Dec 1991

Yes, the group name is arbitrary :CIA Sculpture Study Group: If you have a better suggestion please let us know. Any other submissions, comments, suggestions, etc. will be welcome and considered.

On 13 December 1991 the first CSSGp analytic meeting was held in conference room 3W083. The discussions were carried on about an hour with all present contributing ideas. Any discussion of "in-house" techniques or applications (being classified) are not mentioned in this text as it is to be unclassified. Other than classified methods to be considered the meeting focused on how to identify the unique "sub-"ciphers of the sculpture in total. (Simplistic Worksheets representing these identities are to be included in the distro with this newsletter.)

Also, consideration of the known Morse code parts of the art work are presented on the worksheet contributed by (882). Larry's sheet suggests the need for us to have exacting descriptions of all aspects of this work regarding physical placements and relationships in all parts/areas of Sanborn's CIA art presentation. Some of the sculpture is at the Langley HQs front entrance (and this includes most of the Morse code) and other parts are in the central garden (including the punched-copper cipher). The relationship of all the parts of this work are unclear.

Please examine all parts of these mailings to you and then feel free to share your thoughts about them with others on the latest CSSGp analysts listing. To share/distribute any papers you come upon/create before the next meeting mail them yourself or send them to me for copying and I'll distro them asap. I will also mail/phone the notice of any scheduled CSSGp gatherings to those on the analyst listing. Please note that some of the material you get may have distribution caveats/classifications and if they do not consider them as For Official Use Only (FOUO). Do not discuss this effort in public.

is attempting to get a video from CIA public info office for the next gathering. This tape will present the morning shows presentation of Sanborn's efforts (apparently some P1 folks have already seen this at CIA). As soon as this is available a meeting will be announced (it may also be a KRYPTOS presentation topic).

On the latest analysts list note the addition of two people, (both from A5). They and all those who care to participate are welcome (should we be NOFORN??). The CSSOp is a loose and casual study group where the sharing of ideas to resolve common problems is a primary objective (further definition is

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open to discussion also!). The meeting participants will define the direction of effort but each is free for their own exploration (hopefully to be shared later with all). If you wish to remain anonymous/private in your effort let me know and I'll keep that secure. It has been suggested that at some point presentations to KRYPTOS and/or others may be invited.

In	attendance	at	the	13	December	gather	ing	were
					(b)	(3)-P.L.	86-3	6

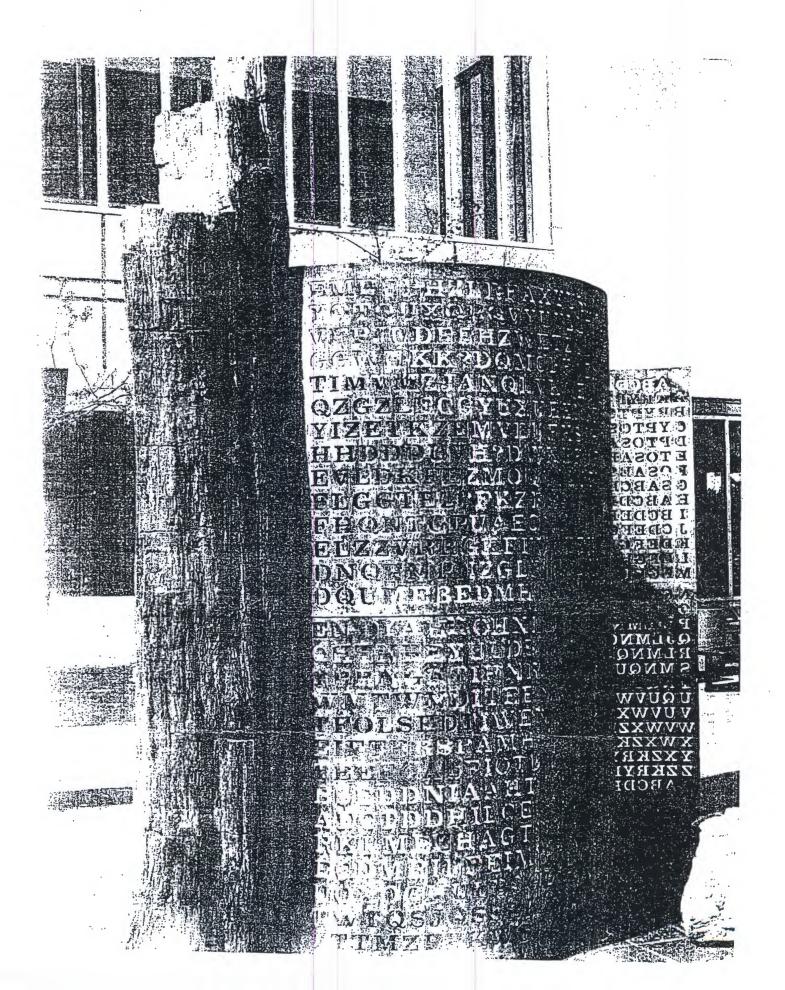
Again, any new items, distro, news, meeting dates, etc. will be passed on as I get them. Please call me if you want something included.

Happy Hunting! and Happy Holidays!

G411, 963-5315

NOTE: these notes were prepared at NO expense to the US Government

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    -> E E E U I ? D F <- E E E D I C U L
       . --.- .-. --- . --
    -> E Q R O M E M <- E Y R O M E M
    -> Y R
    <- 0 R
```

FULL TEXT

FORWARD

E E E F N T I W I U

T I T N T E R P R E T A I

R D O Q S I T

E A O I T I S O P

S O S

E Q F F N D T R I B E E

E F V I S I B A I E E E E E

E E E E E S E ? R O L

E E E U I ? D F

E Q R O M E M

Y R

BACKWARD

D I G I T A L E E E
I N T E R P R E T A T I T
T I S Y O U R
P O S I T I O N E
S O S
E E V I R T U A L L Y E
E E E E E I N V I S I B L E
E E S H A D O W E E
F O R C E S E E E E E
L U C I D E E E
R Q

4051151

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memora

DATE:	26 March 1992	(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
REPLY TO ATTN OF:	Z441	
SUBJECT:	KRYPTOS sculpture	
то:	Z 4 4	

(FOUO) In response to a direct challenge from the Central Intelligence Agency, NSA analysts have successfully diagnosed and read a major portion of the KRYPTOS sculpture, located in the courtyard of CIA in Langley, Virginia. As of 1 Dec 92, the cipher has been divided into four sections, with complete analysis and decryption completed on the first 3 parts.

- (FOUO) Cipher parts 1 and 2 were encrypted using polyalphabetic substitution system. Part 1 employed 10 alphabets, while part 2 used 8 alphabets. The third section was encrypted using a route transposition on a width of 86.
- (FOUC) The decrypted text of part 1: "Between subtle shading and the absense of light lies the nuance of iqlusion.[sic]"
- L, (E000) The decrypted text of part 2: "It was totally invisible. How's that possible? They used the earth's magnetic field. information was gathered and transmitted underground to an unknown They should. It's buried location. Does Langley know about this? out there somewhere. Who knows the exact location? Only W.W. This was his last message. Thirty-eight degrees, fifty-seven minutes, six point five seconds north. Seventy-seven degrees, eight minutes, forty-four seconds west. I.D. by rows."
- ប្រ (FOUO) The decrypted text of part 3: "Slowly, desperatly[sic], slowly, the remains of passage debris that encumbered the lower part of the doorway was removed. With trembling hands I made a tiny breach in the upper left hand corner, and then, widening the hole a little, I inserted the candle and peered in. The hot air escaping from the chamber caused the flame to flicker, but presently, details of the room within emerged from the mist. Can you see anything? Q[sic]"

(FOUO) Although ideas abound, a successful break into part 4 has not been made, and analysts continue to work for a solution.

> Approved for Release by NSA on 05-21-2013 FOIA Case # 61191

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6 5010-114 (COMPUTER FACSIMILE)

INTRODUCTION

The following paper will take a technical look at the solution to a major portion of the KRYPTOS sculpture located in the courtyard of the Central Intelligence Agency in Langley, Virginia. Before starting on the technical details, let's take a quick look at the history of the sculpture, as well as a few comments from the sculptor.

announced by the CIA to acquire art work for the new CIA Headquarters building. When the selection process had been completed, the Director of Central Intelligence approved the proposal submitted by James Sanborn, a Washington area artist, to create a two-part sculpture at the west entrance to the new Headquarters building, and in the courtyard of the complex. In the fall of 1990 the work was unveiled at a dedication ceremony at the CIA.

If (FOUO) According to Mr. Sanborn, "the stonework at the entrance and in the courtyard served two functions. First, it creates a natural framework for the project as a whole and is part of a landscaping scheme designed to recall the natural stone outcropping that existed on the site before the Agency, and that will endure as do mountains. Second, the tilted strata tell a story like pages of a document. Inserted between these stone "pages" is a flat copper sheet through which letters and symbols have been cut. This code, which includes certain ancient ciphers, begins as International Morse and increases in complexity as you move through the piece at the entrance and into the courtyard. Its placement in a geologic context reinforces the text's "hiddenness" as if it were a fossil or an image frozen in time."

(FOUO) This paper's purpose is to concentrate solely on the copper sheets located in the courtyard through which letters and question marks were cut out. It will look at the diagnosis, exploitation and eventual solution of the majority of the cipher contained in the sculpture.

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THE KRYPTOS SCULPTURE

U (FOUO) One half of the sculpture contains the following Vigenere square, which uses mixed sequences based on the keyword KRYPTOS.

```
A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P O R S T U V W X Y Z A B C D
A KRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYP
BRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPT
C Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O
D P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S
E TOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSA
F O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B
G S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C
H A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D
I B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E
J C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F
K D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G
L E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H
M F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I
N G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L
O HIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJL
PIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLM
Q J L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N
R L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q
S M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U
T N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V
U QUVWXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNOUVW
V U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X
WVWXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZ
X W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N Q U V W X Z K
YXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKR
ZZKRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRY
  ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZABCD
```

(FOUO) The extra letter "L" at the end of the 15th line is as it appears in the sculpture. This Vigenere square will turn out to play a key role in reading 2 of the 3 cipher sections exploited by NSA analysts.

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(FOUO) Following is the other half of the main sculpture. Line numbers and underlining have been added for reference purposes only, and are not a part of the sculpture.

```
1
  EMUFPHZLRFAXYUSDJKZLDKRNSHGNFIVJ
  YQTQUXQBQVYUVLLTREVJYQTMKYRDMFD
  V F P J U D E E H Z W E T Z Y V G W H K K Q E T G F Q J N C E
  GGWHKK?DQMCPFQZDQMMIAGPFXHQRLG
5
  T I M V M Z J A N Q L V K Q E D A G D V F R P J U N G E U N A
 Q Z G Z L E C G Y U X U E E N J T B J L B Q C R T B J D F H J R R
7
  YIZETKZEMVDUFKSJHKFWHKUWOLSZFTI
  H H D D D U V H ? D W K B F U F P W N T D F I Y C U Q Z E R E
  EVLDKFEZMOQQJLTTUGSYQPFEUNLAVIDX
10 FLGGTEZ? FKZBSFDQVGOGIPUFXHHDRKF
11 FHQNTGPUAECNUVPDJMQCLQUMUNEDFQ
12 E L Z Z V R R G K F F V O E E X B D M V P N F Q X E Z L G R E
13 DNQFMPNZGLFLPMRJQYALMGNUVPDXVKP
14 DQUMEBEDMHDAFMJGZNUPLGEWJLLAETG
15 ENDYAHROHNLSRHEOCPTEOIBIDYSHNAIA
16 CHTNREYULDSLLSLLNOHSNOSMRWXMNE
  T P R N G A T I H N R A R P E S L N N E L E B L P I I A C A E
18 WMTWNDITEENRAHCTENEUDRETNHAEOE
19 TFOLSEDTIWENHAEIOYTEYQHEENCTAYCR
20 EIFTBRSPAMHHEWENATAMATEGYEERLB
21 TEEFOASFIOTUETUAEOTOARMAEERTNRTI
22 B S E D D N I A A H T T M S T E W P I E R O A G R I E W F E B
23 AECTDDHILCEIHSITEGOEAOSDDRYDLORIT
24 RKLMLEHAGTDHARDPNEOHMGFMFEUHE
25 ECDMRIPFEIMEHNLSSTTRTVDOHW?OBKR
26 UOXOGHULBSOLIFBBWFLRVQQPRNGKSSO
27 TWTQSJQSSEKZZWATJKLUDIAWINFBNYP
28 V T T M Z F P K W G D K Z X T J C D I G K U H U A U E K C A R
```

(FOUC) An initial look revealed a number of oddities. First was the inclusion of question marks. It was not known if these were being used to signify a transition from one cipher system to another, or if they acted as punctuation for the plaintext. Immediately after the halfway point was the word END which may be a coincidence or it might refer to the end of some cryptosystem. This was a distinct possibility because the Y, A, and R that followed END were actually raised slightly when compared to the surrounding letters, perhaps signaling the beginning of a different cryptosystem. All of these peculiarities would eventually be explained through the reading of the majority of the cipher.

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DIAGNOSIS

The initial diagnosis of this cipher revealed the probable use of at least 3 separate cryptographies. The main reason for this assumption was that beginning with line 15, and proceeding through to line 25, numerous analysts noticed that a frequency count of the letters observed would roughly match that of the English language. If lines 15-25 used some particular cryptosystem, then it was likely that another was used for lines 1-14 and yet another one used for lines 26-28. That would yield a probable minimum of 3 distinct cryptosystems in use.

(S) A statistical analysis of the first section (lines 1-14) showed a particular roughness on a width of 8. The most common explanation for width roughness is that of a polyalphabetic substitution system. In such a system, a message is encrypted using multiple simple substitutions, employing each substitution in a predetermined order. In this particular case, the width of 8 is a probable indication of 8 cipher alphabets being used.

(8) The second section was already partly diagnosed, based solely on analysts "eyeballing" the cipher. Statistical programs confirmed that this section had the characteristics of English plain text, though obviously mixed up in some manner. The most likely explanation for this is a transposition system, perhaps a keyed columnar transposition. In such a system, the plain text is inscribed horizontally into a matrix, normally a rectangle, and then the letters are extracted vertically, according to a predetermined sequence.

(C) C (S)

the data also revealed a bias in the third section at an interval of 7. There is no specific cryptography that would give such a result, but a number of them could yield such results under certain circumstances, some of which will be discussed in detail in a later section. After solution of other parts, we discovered that this section was actually the fourth part of the problem. Read on for how this was discovered.

(b)(1) (b)(3)-50 USC 403 (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36

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THE FIRST BREAKTHROUGH

Under the hypothesis that the first section employed a polyalphabetic substitution with 8 alphabets, a frequency count was done for each alphabet in the cipher. It was assumed that the alphabets were used in a sequential order, i.e., alphabet #1 was used to encipher characters number 1, 9, 17, 25, etc.; Alphabet #2 was used for characters 2, 10, 18, 26, etc.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z --4 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 - 8 2 3 2 8 2 - 1 1 3 - 1 4 2 1 - 3 5 4 3 4 - 5 1 4 2 - - 2 3 3 1 1 3 1 3 - 1 2 3 - 3 1 2 - - 1 2 7 4 - 4 - 5 2 - - 4 7 2 - 2 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 - 4 7 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 6 2 - - 4 1 - 1 4 - 1 3 1 5 - 2 - 1 2 1 6 3 7 3 - 2 6 1 5 1 1 2 4 - 2 3 3 - 1 - 1 2

G(S) Using the above frequency counts, it was hoped that one could place the alphabet sequence right on top of each row, though at some offset, and get something that would at least roughly match what you might expect to see. This did not lead to a hoped for solution. Since the accompanying Vigenere Square was based on the keyword KRYPTOS, the frequency counts were next sorted based on the same keyword mixed sequence.

 K
 R
 Y
 P
 T
 O
 S
 A
 B
 C
 D
 E
 F
 G
 H
 I
 J
 L
 M
 N
 Q
 U
 V
 W
 X
 Z

 1
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 3
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-56 (S) Using the frequency count this way, it appeared possible to place a keyword mixed alphabet on at least some of these rows. In the third row for example, the following appeared to be a good alignment.

2 2 4 - 3 - 1 3 - - 3 1 - 7 3 1 3 1 1 2 101 3 1 1 1 L M N Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J

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U 187 In the sixth row the following looked like a good alignment as well.

1 1 1 - 1 - 1 1 - - 4 7 9 1 1 1 1 6 2 - 4 4 - 1 3 5 Q U V W X Z K R Y P T O S A B C D E F G H I J L M N

Where needed, a solution was effected. Following are the plain alphabet, the 8 cipher alphabets, and a decryption of the text that was readable. Note two items: 1) there is a repeating key of ABSCISSA under the index letter of K in the plain alphabet, and; 2) the readable text actually begins with the cipher letter V at the beginning of the third line of the sculpture.

P: KRYPTOSABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZ

C1: ABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOS

C2: BCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSA

C3: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO

C4: CDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSAB

C5: IJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOSABCDEFGH

C6: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO

C7: SABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTO

C8: ABCDEFGHIJLMNQUVWXZKRYPTOS

VFPJUDEE HZWETZYV GWHKKQET GFQJNCEG GWHKK?DQM ITWASTOT ALLYINVI SIBLEHOW STHATPOS SIBLE?THE

CPFQZDQM MIAGPFXH QRLGTIMV MZJANQLV KQEDAGDV YUSEDTHE EARTHSMA GNETICFI ELDXTHEI NFORMATI

FRPJUNGE UNAQZGZL ECGYUXUE ENJTBJLB QCETBJDF ONWASGAT HEREDAND TRANSMIT TEDUNDER GROUNDTO

HRRYIZET KZEMVDUF KSJHKFWH KUWQLSZF TIHHDDDU ANUNKNOW NLOCATIO NXDOESLA NGLEYKNO WABOUTTH

VH?DWKBFU FPWNTDKI YCUQZERE EVLDKFEZ MOQQJLTT IS?THEYSH OULDITSB URIEDOUT THERESOM EWHEREXW

UGSYQPFE UNLAVIDX FLGGTEZ?F KZBSFDQV GOGIPUFX HOKNOWST HEEXACTL OCATION?O NLYWWTHI SWASHISL

HHDRKFFH QNTGPUAE CNUVPDJM QCLQUMUN EDFQELZZ ASTMESSA GEXTHIRT YEIGHTDE GREESFIF TYSEVENM

VRRGKFFV OEEXBDMV PNFQXEZL GREDNQFM PNZGLFLP
INUTESSI XPOINTFI VESECOND SNORTHSE VENTYSEV

MRJQYALM GNUVPDXV KPDQUMZB EDMHDAFM JGZNUPLG ENDEGREE SEIGHTMI NUTESFOR TYFOURSE CONDSWES

EWJLLAET G
TIDBYROW S

(FOUO) Here is a more readable version, with punctuation added:

"IT WAS TOTALLY INVISIBLE. HOW'S THAT POSSIBLE? THEY USED THE EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD. THE INFORMATION WAS GATHERED AND TRANSMITTED UNDERGROUND TO AN UNKNOWN LOCATION. DOES LANGLEY KNOW ABOUT THIS? THEY SHOULD. ITS BURIED OUT THERE SOMEWHERE. WHO KNOWS THE EXACT LOCATION? ONLY W.W. THIS WAS HIS LAST TRANSMISSION. THIRTY-EIGHT DEGREES, FIFTY-SEVEN MINUTES, SIX POINT FIVE SECONDS NORTH. SEVENTY-SEVEN MINUTES, FORTY-FOUR SECONDS WEST. I.D. BY ROWS."

**The reference to W.W. is presumed to be William Webster, former director of the CIA. The coordinates given are a location within the CIA grounds, most likely the main complex or the courtyard area. The meaning of "I.D. BY ROWS" is not known at this time. The repeating key of ABSCISSA is defined by Webster's New World Dictionary as, "the horizontal Cartesian coordinate on a plane, measured from the y-axis along a line parallel with the x-axis to point P".

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(b)(1) (b)(3)-50 USC 403 (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(3)-18 USC 798

THE SECOND BREAKTHROUGH

(C//SI) (ST As stated earlier	, the section that began at line	15
and most likely finished at	line 25 (now referred to as section :	
was a probable transposition	n system.	1
	Nonetheless, analysis continued	7

(S) The attack that was eventually successful on this portion was one of cribbing by brute force. It was noted that there was a single occurrence of the letter Q, and just 5 occurrences of the letter U, a likely combination. The 3 or 4 letters surrounding the Q were paired with the corresponding letters surrounding each U. The results were as follows:

Y	N ·	Y	T	Y	F	Y	T	Y	F
T	R	T	E	Т	I	T	U	Т	M
E	E	E	N	E	0	E	E	E	F
Y	Y	Y	E	Y	T	Y	T	Y	E
Q	U	Q	U	Q	U	Q	U	Q	U
H	L	H	D	Н	E	H	A	Н	H
	L D		D R		E T		A E		H E
	D	E		E		E		E	
E	D S	E E	R	E E	Т	E E	E	E	E

Though many wrong turns were taken, the third pair of columns proved correct and the letter T was placed in front of the HE, produced the word THE. The best combination that matched with the remainder was this:

L Y F E T I H E O A Y T H E D E T H E U A N A

(S) Many of the trigraphs above looked plausible. Using the letter **G** in front of the **QU**, pairs of columns were cribbed to form **INGQU**, with the following alignment yielding the best looking results:

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O W L Y F
A M E T I
G T H E O
R W A Y T
I N G Q U
E D T H E
W I D E T
F T H E U
E E A N A

Continuing to use column matching with the remainder of the cipher, a solution was discovered that used an incompletely filled 4 X 86 matrix. That solution follows, but because the matrix is 86 columns wide, the representation has been split into two pieces:

SLOWLYDESPARATLYSLOWLYTHEREMAINSOFPASSAGEDE ASREMOVEDWITHTREMBLINGHANDSIMADEATINYBREACH OLEALITTLEIINSERTEDTHECANDLEANDPEEREDINTHEH FLICKERBUTPRESENTLYDETAILSOFTHEROOMWITHINEM

BRISTHATENCUMBEREDTHELOWERPARTOFTHEDOORWAYW INTHEUPPERLEFTHANDCORNERANDTHENWIDENINGTHEH OTAIRESCAPINGFROMTHECHAMBERCAUSEDTHEFLAMETO ERGEDFROMTHEMISTXCANYOUSEEANYTHINGO

Further, a very logical key was discovered. The cipher that started this section was from line 15:

ENDYAHROHNLSRHEOCPTEOIBIDYSHNAI

This section can be located in the recovered plaintext, and is inscribed in the matrix from bottom to top, beginning near the end of the message and proceeding towards the front of the message.

SLOWLYDESPARATLYSLOWLYTHEREMAINSOFPASSAGEDE ASREMOVEDWITHTREMBLINGHANDSIMADEATINYBREACH OLEALITTLEIINSERTEDTHECANDLEANDPEEREDINTHEH FLICKERBUTPRESENTLYDETAILSOFTHEROOMWITHINEM

1 1 1 9 8 7 2 1 0 \$ 0 AN 40 51 4K 15

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BRISTHATENCUMBEREDTHELOWERPARTOFTHEDOORWAYW INTHEUPPERLEFTHANDCORNERANDTHENWIDENINGTHEH OTAIRESCAPINGFROMTHECHAMBERCAUSEDTHEFLAMETO ERGEDFROMTHEMISTXCANYOUSEEANYTHINGQ

6 5 4 3 2 1

Proceeding backwards in this manner and labeling each column with a number, it becomes obvious that there is indeed a "method to the madness". What follows is the label for each column written out in order, on a width of 7:

Looked at this way, the patterns within each of the 7 columns are plain, with the possible exception of the "86" at the bottom of the second column. Further, a common procedure in columnar transposition systems is to extract columns of the matrix in an order determined by a specific key, often denoted by a keyword to make the key easy to remember. To generate a numerical key based on a keyword of KRYPTOS for example, number the keyword based on alphabetical order:

K R Y P T O S 1 4 7 3 6 2 5

Note how a variation of **KRYPTOS** (spelled backwards and wrapped around the ends) fits the columns of the matrix:

 R
 K
 S
 O
 T
 P
 Y

 4
 1
 5
 2
 6
 3
 7

 49
 12
 61
 24
 73
 36
 85

 48
 11
 60
 23
 72
 35
 84

 47
 10
 59
 22
 71
 34
 83

 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

 39
 02
 51
 14
 63
 26
 75

 38
 01
 50
 13
 62
 25
 74

 37
 86

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Was originally set up by Sanborn, it is likely to be very close to the truth. The entire text of section 3 follows, with appropriate punctuation:

"SLOWLY DESPARATLY SLOWLY THE REMAINS OF PASSAGE DEBRIS THAT ENCUMBERED THE LOWER PART OF THE DOORWAY WAS REMOVED. WITH TREMBLING HANDS I MADE A TINY BREACH IN THE UPPER LEFT HAND CORNER, AND THEN, WIDENING THE HOLE A LITTLE, I INSERTED THE CANDLE AND PEERED IN. THE HOT AIR ESCAPING FROM THE CHAMBER CAUSED THE FLAME TO FLICKER, BUT PRESENTLY, DETAILS OF THE ROOM WITHIN EMERGED FROM THE MIST X CAN YOU SEE ANYTHING Q"

(5000) In the first line, DESPERATELY was misspelled. In the last line, the X acts as a period, though other areas of the text should have used periods as well. The Q at the end of the text appears to act as a question mark, though the sculpture had a question mark that delineated the end of this section. Earlier, it was noted that in line 15 the Y, A, and R were slightly raised in relation to other surrounding letters. That had no affect on reading this section.

(ECUO) If you have ever read about King Tut, the passage may have sounded familiar to you. It is a paraphrasing from the book "The Tomb of Tut-ankh-amen" written by Howard Carter.

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THE THIRD BREAKTHROUGH

(S) The last portion read was the first 2 lines of the cipher, section 1. A statistical analysis revealed that this section had width properties that were significant, similar to the first breakthrough, but this time on a width of 5, again implying a polyalphabetic system. Assuming another polyalphabetic system using 5 alphabets, the frequency count follows:

																								Y	
																								-	
																									1
																									_
-	_	_	_	_	2	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	1	-	_	3	3	_	_	2	_	_	-	_	1
_	1	_	1	1	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	_	1	_	_	2	2	_	1	_	_	_	_

As before, it was hoped that you could place another alphabet on top of these frequency counts, hopefully resulting in something that would match up nicely. Since the keyword-mixed alphabet based on KRYPTOS was used before, we expected that it might be a good choice here. Therefore, a frequency count based on that assumption is given below:

							A																		
							1																		
2	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	1	1	_	_	3	1	1	-	_	1	1	_	1	1
1	1	5	_	1	_	_	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	_	_	1	_	1	_	1	_	_	1	_
_	3	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	1	_	2	-	-	_	_	_	_	.1	3	2	_	_	_	1
_	-	-	1	2	-	2	-	1	_	1	1	1	_	_	1	_	1	-	_	_		1	_	_	_

The small number of characters made solution difficult in either case, but as before, analysis continued. Beginning with a likely starting point, the third alphabet with cipher value Y appearing 5 times was assumed to be a plain value E. Due to a higher occurrence of the more common letters, the output appeared to be better using the KRYPTOS alphabet, which results in the following:

```
EMUFP HZLRF AXYUS DJKZL DKRNS HGNFI VJYQT QUXQB
..T...S...E...I...D...B...E....G..

QVYUV LLTRE VJYQT MKYRD MFD
..E...N...E...L...N
```

Through trial and error, another KRYPTOS alphabet was placed against the frequencies in the first alphabet, which

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yielded the following reasonable text patterns:

EMUFP HZLRF AXYUS DJKZL DKRNS HGNFI VJYQT QUXQB B.T. E.K. T.E. A.C. A.D. E.Y. N.E. L.A.

QVYUV LLTRE VJYQT MKYRD MFD L.E. H.G. N.E. I.E. I.N

With those recoveries in place, further progress was soon made. It was noted that if the last 3 letters of plain were ION, then cipher VJYQT (which occurs twice) would become plain NCE..

EMUFP HZLRF AXYUS DJKZL DKRNS HGNFI VJYOT QUXQB BET. EMK. TLE. ACC. AND. ESY. NCE. LHA..

QVYUV LLTRE <u>VJYOT</u> MKYRD MFD LIE. HDG. NCE. INE. ION

While portions of the text seemed to have good recoveries, such as AND, NCE, LIE, and ION, other portions appeared less encouraging, like EMK, and HDG. Further scrutiny revealed that the "good" recoveries occurred in every other group of 5 letters. Using 10 alphabets instead of 5 would eliminate the "bad" recoveries. Looking back at the width statistics, width 10 had also scored high, and the width of 5 was probably a reflection of that.

EMUFPHZLRF AXYUSDJKZL DKRNSHGNFI VJYQTQUXQB
BET..... TLE..... AND..... NCE......

QVYUVLLTRE VJYQTMKYRD MFD
LIE..... NCE..... ION

Evaluating this new approach, it seemed that the end of the text should be **TION** or **SION**, and that the 2 occurrences of **NCE** would be preceded by a vowel. The following alignment of the tenth alphabet provided that:

EMUFPHZLRF AXYUSDJKZL DKRNSHGNFI VJYQTQUXQB
BET...B TLE...G AND...E NCE....T

QVYUVLLTRE VJYQTMKYRD MFD LIE.....A NCE.....S ION

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(S) Notice that the 2 occurrences of NCE are preceded by E and A, exactly as expected. Further cribbing ensued, which eventually yielded the following set of alphabets and the following decryption:

 P:
 K
 R
 Y
 P
 T
 O
 S
 A
 B
 C
 D
 E
 F
 G
 H
 I
 J
 L
 M
 N
 Q
 U
 V
 W
 X
 Z

 C1:
 P
 T
 O
 S
 A
 B
 C
 D
 E
 F
 G
 H
 I
 J
 L
 M
 N
 Q
 U
 V
 W
 X
 Z
 K
 R
 Y
 P
 T
 O
 S
 A
 B
 C
 D
 E
 F
 G
 H
 I
 J
 L
 M
 N
 Q
 U
 V
 W
 X
 Z
 K
 R
 Y
 P
 T
 O
 S
 A
 B
 C
 D
 E
 F
 G
 H
 I
 J
 L
 M
 N
 Q
 U
 V
 W
 X
 Z
 K
 R
 Y

EMUFP HZLRF AXYUS DJKZL DKRNS HGNFI VJYQT QUXQB BETWE ENSUB TLESH ADING ANDTH ABSCE NCEOF LIGHT

QVYUV LLTRE VJYQT MKYRD MFD LIEST HENUA NCEOF IQLUS ION

(FOUO) Respaced and punctuated, it reads:

"BETWEEN SUBTLE SHADING AND THE ABSENCE OF LIGHT LIES THE NUANCE OF ILLUSION"

Spelled as **IQLUSION**. The source of this quote is currently unknown. The repeating key of **PALIMPSEST**, below the index letter **K**, has a very interesting definition when viewed in conjunction with the sculpture. It is defined by Webster's New World Dictionary as, "a parchment, tablet, etc., that has been written upon or inscribed two or three times, the previous text or texts having been imperfectly erased and remaining, therefore, still partly visible". Another definition from Webster's Third New International Dictionary is "a memorial brass having earlier engraving on the side opposite to that which is exposed".

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THE FOURTH BREAKTHROUGH??

(s) Unfortunately, a fourth breakthrough has not yet occurred. There are only 97 characters remaining in section 4, but the first section contained just 63 characters and was exploited, meaning a solution is certainly possible, depending on the cryptosystem. A statistical analysis of this portion showed some roughness on interval 7. This could be a characteristic of plaintext auto-key, if the alphabet used has a high frequency letter assigned the value of 0. Another hypothesis is that this last section employs both of the systems already used. First the message is encrypted using some set of alphabets, as was done in the first and third breakthroughs, and then the cipher is put through a transposition, such as that used in the second breakthrough. If the original text had a repeat at a distance of 7 apart (or perhaps 14 or even 21 apart), then after transposing the text, the repeat would now show up in the interval statistic rather than the width statistic.

There is no solution at the current time, although some attempts have been made using plaintext auto-key and other attempts using transposed substitution as the enciphering mechanism.

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RECAP

(FOUC) The first section that reads are the first 2 full lines of cipher, a total of 63 characters. The cryptography is a periodic polyalphabetic substitution system employing 10 alphabets. The plain and cipher components are both a keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS, using a repeating key of PALIMPSEST below the index letter K. The plaintext reads:

"BETWEEN SUBTLE SHADING AND THE ABSENCE OF LIGHT LIES THE NUANCE OF ILLUSION"

U (FOUO) The second part reads using the cipher from lines 3-14, a total of 370 characters. The cryptography is another periodic polyalphabetic substitution, employing 8 alphabets. The plain and cipher components are both a keyword mixed sequence based on KRYPTOS, using a repeating key of ABSCISSA below the index letter K. The plaintext reads:

"IT WAS TOTALLY INVISIBLE. HOW'S THAT POSSIBLE? THEY USED THE EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD. THE INFORMATION WAS GATHERED AND TRANS-MITTED UNDERGROUND TO AN UNKNOWN LOCATION. DOES LANGLEY KNOW ABOUT THIS? THEY SHOULD. ITS BURIED OUT THERE SOMEWHERE. WHO KNOWS THE EXACT LOCATION? ONLY W.W. THIS WAS HIS LAST TRANSMISSION. THIRTY-EIGHT DEGREES, FIFTY-SEVEN MINUTES, SIX POINT FIVE SECONDS NORTH. SEVENTY-SEVEN MINUTES, FORTY-FOUR SECONDS WEST. I.D. BY ROWS."

(Feio) The third section uses the cipher contained in lines 14 through the question mark in line 25. The cryptography is a keyed columnar transposition. The matrix is an incompletely filled 4 X 86, using a key of KRYPTOS that has been numerically keyed and repeated 13 times. The plaintext reads:

"SLOWLY DESPARATELY SLOWLY THE REMAINS OF PASSAGE DEBRIS THAT ENCUMBERED THE LOWER PART OF THE DOORWAY WAS REMOVED. WITH TREMBLING HANDS I MADE A TINY BREACH IN THE UPPER LEFT HAND CORNER, AND THEN, WIDENING THE HOLE A LITTLE, I INSERTED THE CANDLE AND PEERED IN. THE HOT AIR ESCAPING FROM THE CHAMBER CAUSED THE FLAME TO FLICKER, BUT PRESENTLY, DETAILS OF THE ROOM WITHIN EMERGED FROM THE MIST. CAN YOU SEE ANYTHING?"

0 (FOUO) The fourth part has not been read, but most likely uses the last 4 characters of line 25, as well as the cipher in lines 26-28, for a total of 97 characters. It is highly probable

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that **KRYPTOS** plays an integral part in the solution, as it did in the 3 parts that have been exploited.

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